
Subject: Optimization Mystery...

Posted by [mirek](#) on Sun, 30 Sep 2007 08:31:57 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Well, I decided it is time to perform low-level check... So I have put together Win98 machine with 400Mhz Celeron and compiled UWord.

Found it running very slow, so I started to investigate.

In couple of minutes I have found that following change in the Image::Data::Paint code mostly fixes the problem:

```
/* if(GetKind() == IMAGE_OPAQUE) {
    if(!hbmp) {
        LTIMING("Image Opaque create");
        CreateHBMP(dc, buffer);
    }
    LTIMING("Image Opaque blit");
    HDC dcMem = ::CreateCompatibleDC(dc);
    HBITMAP o = (HBITMAP)::SelectObject(dcMem, hbmp);
    ::BitBlt(dc, x, y, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dcMem, sr.left, sr.top, SRCCOPY);
    ::SelectObject(dcMem, o);
    ::DeleteDC(dcMem);
    PaintOnlyShrink();
    return;
}*/
if(GetKind() == IMAGE_MASK || GetKind() == IMAGE_OPAQUE) { // THIS NOW HANDLES
BOTH CASES
    HDC dcMem = ::CreateCompatibleDC(dc);
    if(!hmask) {
        LTIMING("Image Mask create");
        Buffer<RGBA> bmp(len);
        hmask = CreateBitMask(buffer, sz, sz, sz, bmp);
        ResCount++;
        if(!hbmp)
            CreateHBMP(dc, bmp);
    }
    LTIMING("Image Mask blt");
    HBITMAP o = (HBITMAP)::SelectObject(dcMem, ::CreateCompatibleBitmap(dc, sz.cx, sz.cy));
    ::BitBlt(dcMem, 0, 0, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dc, x, y, SRCCOPY);
    HDC dcMem2 = ::CreateCompatibleDC(dc);
    ::SelectObject(dcMem2, hmask);
    ::BitBlt(dcMem, 0, 0, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dcMem2, sr.left, sr.top, SRCAND);
    if(IsNull(c)) {
        ::SelectObject(dcMem2, hbmp);
        ::BitBlt(dcMem, 0, 0, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dcMem2, sr.left, sr.top, SRCPAINT);
    }
}
```

```
else {
    HBRUSH ho = (HBRUSH) SelectObject(dcMem, CreateSolidBrush(c));
    ::BitBlt(dcMem, 0, 0, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dcMem2, sr.left, sr.top, 0xba0b09);
    ::DeleteObject(::SelectObject(dcMem, ho));
}
::BitBlt(dc, x, y, ssz.cx, ssz.cy, dcMem, 0, 0, SRCCOPY);
::DeleteObject(::SelectObject(dcMem, o));
::DeleteDC(dcMem2);
::DeleteDC(dcMem);
PaintOnlyShrink();
return;
}
```

To explain - now commented part was dealing with the "simple" case of completely opaque Image being sent to display, while now used part deals with this opaque image is if it was complex one.

Now this is weirdest thing I have ever met - much more complex GDI code is faster? WTF?!

Any suggestions why it behaves this way?

Mirek
