Subject: Re: 16 bits wchar

Posted by copporter on Tue, 16 Oct 2007 09:13:42 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

OK, fixed all bugs I could find and judging by the the number of runs test I done both automatically and manually I'm reasonably sure that the algorithms are correct. Any input string can be EE-ed to a valid Utf and back, even if the original input is too short.

There is only one issue left. If the original input contains one of our codes for EE-ing (range EE00-EEFF), it will gladly accept it as a valid sequence, thus preserving it's representation. But when you undo the EE-ing, it will think that the input sequence was generated, so it will destroy that given character and replace it with an incorrect 1 byte character. We knew from the start that this issue will arise when the input contains these codes (which normally it shouldn't), but it would be nice if the algorithm would detect these codes and either EE them or just give an error.

Which method would you prefer?