
Subject: Re: How to create a GridCtrl with fixed cell size
Posted by [cbpporter](#) on Thu, 22 May 2008 09:50:17 GMT
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[quote title=unodgs wrote on Wed, 21 May 2008 18:45]Quote:

Ok, now I understand. One cell holds one Value object. If you want key/value pair connected with one cell you have to use some structure as Value. As for displaying. You have to extend GridDisplay class which contain some useful methods like SetLeft/Right/CenterImage.

Yes, I know that. This was not a question of how, it was a question of principle. I was asking why isn't there an easier method of doing it. The scenario I described is a fairly common one IMO. It's great that you can use a Display and do really fancy stuff if you need it, but in most cases I just want to display a simple text extracted from the Value in exactly the same position and with same style as if I had inserted a string directly. In such cases, using Display is a little overkill, and writing them can be repetitive and tedious.

Let's take for example a Paint method from Display:

```
virtual void Paint(Draw& w, const Rect& r, const Value& q,  
                  Color ink, Color paper, dword style) const
```

It has 6 parameters, and all have useful predefined values which you'll rarely ignore or change and go ahead and use them. A large portion of these displays consists of a simple w.DrawText and maybe some position calculation. Since U++ is in general good at detecting common idioms and offering some API, mechanism or clever trick for it, I was wondering why it doesn't offer something like that in this case. For example, something like:

```
struct MyDisplay: TextDisplay  
{  
    virtual String Text(const Value &q) const;  
}
```