
Subject: Re: GridCtrl performance

Posted by [Sender Ghost](#) on Thu, 25 Apr 2013 16:53:21 GMT

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crydev wrote on Thu, 25 April 2013 17:49However, I'm having trouble implementing my own data in it. Say I have the following data, how could this be properly implemented using the virtual ArrayCtrl?

```
template <class T>
struct MemData
{
    int address; // column address
    T value; // column value
};
```

Depends from the type of T. If T is String, then modified version of example application might look like follows:

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```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>

using namespace Upp;

int count = 0x100000;

template <class T>
struct MemData : Moveable<MemData<T> >
{
    int address; // column address
    T value; // column value
};

typedef MemData<String> StringMemData;
Vector<StringMemData> data;

template <String (GetData) (int index)>
struct NumberToText : public Convert {
    virtual Value Format(const Value& q) const {
        return GetData(int(q));
    }
};

String GetAddress(int index)
{
    ASSERT(index >= 0 && index < data.GetCount());
    return Format64Hex(data[index].address);
```

```

}

String GetIndexValue(int index)
{
    ASSERT(index >= 0 && index < data.GetCount());
    return data[index].value;
}

String GetReverseValue(int index)
{
    ASSERT(index >= 0 && index < data.GetCount());
    return data[count - index - 1].value;
}

StringMemData FormatData(int index)
{
    StringMemData d;
    d.address = index;
    d.value = NFormat("Data #%" + index + 1);

    return d;
}

class App : public TopWindow {
public:
    typedef App CLASSNAME;
    App();

    // Ctrl
    ArrayCtrl list;
    Button btnAdd, btnRemove;
    // Events
    void OnAdd();
    void OnRemove();
};

const int addition = count / 2;

void App::OnAdd()
{
    const int prevCount = count;
    count += addition;
    data.SetCount(count);

    for (int i = prevCount; i < count; ++i)
        data[i] = FormatData(i);

    list.SetVirtualCount(count);
}

```

```

}

void App::OnRemove()
{
    count -= addition;
    if (count < 0)
        count = 0;

    data.SetCount(count);
    list.SetVirtualCount(count);
}

App::App()
{
    Title("Virtual ArrayCtrl");
    Sizeable().Zoomable();
    const Size sz(640, 480);
    SetRect(sz); SetMinSize(sz);

    btnAdd.SetLabel("Add") <<= THISBACK(OnAdd);
    btnRemove.SetLabel("Remove") <<= THISBACK(OnRemove);

    list.AddRowNumColumn("Address", 12).SetConvert(Single<NumberToText<GetAddress>>());
    list.AddRowNumColumn("Value", 44).SetConvert(Single<NumberToText<GetIndexValue>>());
    list.AddRowNumColumn("Reverse Value",
44).SetConvert(Single<NumberToText<GetReverseValue>>());
    list.SetVirtualCount(count);

    const int offset = 75;
    Add(btnAdd.TopPosZ(4, 20).LeftPosZ(4, offset));
    Add(btnRemove.TopPosZ(4, 20).LeftPosZ(offset + 8, offset));
    Add(list.HSizePosZ(4, 4).VSizePosZ(28, 4));
}

GUI_APP_MAIN
{
    Ctrl::GlobalBackPaint();

    data.SetCount(count);
    {
        Progress p;
        p.SetText("Preparing the data..");
        for (int i = 0; i < count; ++i) {
            data[i] = FormatData(i);
            p.Set(i, count);
        }
    }
}

```

```
App app;  
app.Run();  
}
```

If you need to use another types, then just change the function declaration of NumberToText template, but return compatible types for ArrayCtrl values (which is Value).
