Subject: To advance using int64 in ESC Posted by hans on Fri, 19 Sep 2014 18:24:49 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hi,

as recently the internal representation of number was optimized for int64, I have taken the ball and added optimized parsing and done a bit more of internal optimization.

First the bugfixes in EscValue::ToString() function. If the number has the value of INT64\_MIN it is not printed because FormatInt64() treats as Null. But it should, as number has other value for Null.

Change

```
if((int64)number == number)
s << FormatInt64((int64)number);
to
int64 in= (int64)number;
if(in == number)
s << String(in < 0 ? "-" + Format64(-in) : Format64(in));</pre>
```

and below

```
s << FormatInt64(i64);
to
s << String(i64 < 0 ? "-" + Format64(-i64) : Format64(i64));
```

Now my changes.

The optimized parser will first detect if it is a double (length and . or exponent) and if not to parse the string with the uint64 parser.

This works also if it really is a double (ie. string length == 18 but outside int64 range). Caveat is it will get slightly different double values than with the double parser.

The EscValue::IsInt[64]() / EscValue::GetInt[64] sequences are replaced with one function, named GetInt[64]Only.

If some dev will take my changes as inspiration to get them into U++ it would be great.

I have attached the zip file of my sources. When diffing please ignore String/WString differences.

If you have questions about my code please ask.

Thanks.

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