
Subject: Initialization for Buffer<T>

Posted by [Mindtraveller](#) on Sat, 29 Aug 2015 16:41:29 GMT

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Buffer<T> is known as replacement for C-style arrays. So I guess it needs some way to fill it as easy as possible (like we initialize arrays in C). So here is my proposal with little additions:

template <class T>

class Buffer : Moveable< Buffer<T> > {

size_t size;

mutable T *ptr;

int insertl;

public:

operator T*() { return ptr; }

operator const T*() const { return ptr; }

T *operator~() { return ptr; }

const T *operator~() const { return ptr; }

Buffer<T> & Alloc(size_t _size) { Clear(); ptr = new T[_size]; size = _size; return *this; }

Buffer<T> & Alloc(size_t _size, const T& in) { Clear(); ptr = new T[_size]; size = _size; Fill(ptr, ptr + size, in); return *this; }

void Clear() { if(ptr) delete[] ptr; ptr = NULL; insertl = 0; size = 0; }

size_t GetCount() { return size; }

Buffer() { Init(); ptr = NULL; }

Buffer(size_t size) { Init(); ptr = new T[size]; }

Buffer(size_t size, const T& init) { Init(); ptr = new T[size]; Fill(ptr, ptr + size, init); }

~Buffer() { if(ptr) delete[] ptr; }

void Init() { size = 0; insertl = 0; }

void operator=(Buffer rval_v) { if(ptr) delete[] ptr; ptr = v.ptr; v.ptr = NULL; }

Buffer<T> & operator<< (const T &in){ ptr[insertl++] = in; return *this; }

Buffer(Buffer rval_v) { ptr = v.ptr; v.ptr = NULL; size = v.size; v.size=0; insertl = 0; }

};

// Usage:

// buffer.Alloc(3) << v1 << v2 << v3;
