Subject: Re: Choosing the best way to go full UNICODE Posted by copporter on Wed, 31 May 2017 08:30:09 GMT

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It looks like there are many possible ways to go forward. We can try several things and probably a lot of things will work.

As long as we understand that there is no universal way to make Unicode indexable, but on a case by case basis, you can. The only thing you can universally do is to iterate linearly over Unicode.

But I still think I gave you a partial solution so many years ago.

To reiterate:

- 1. Utf8 to Utf16 and vice-versa must be fixed under all scenarios. We also need to add Utf8 to Utf32, but that is trivial compared to Utf16. So proper error recovery must be implemented and 4 byte long sequences must be converted to surrogate pairs.
- 2. The Unicode table must be expanded to more than 2048 characters. Maybe not full range, but Unicode is based on blocks. We can move a bit closer to the CJK block, because for CJK, nobody expects more than the basics. Probably 8k at least.
- 3. Take the opportunity to clean stuff up. Core has had several clean-ups and now C++11 shook thing up. So this might be the perfect opportunity to make sure the designs and interfaces are future proof.
- 4. Implement DString? I don't know yet. On the other hand, implementing DSting is easy and it can be dropped in its own header and available for use.