

Well, with benchmark constructed like this, beating set<int>::erase is accidentally hard.

Interesting things is that if you change the order of loops:

```
#include <Core/Core.h>
#include <set>

using namespace Upp;

CONSOLE_APP_MAIN
{
#ifdef _DEBUG
    const int v_num = 10000;
#else
    const int v_num = 100000;
#endif

    const int isize = 100;

    {
        Vector<Index<int> > v;
        v.SetCount(v_num);
        {
            RTIMING("FindAdd v_num outer");
            for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
                for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
                    v[j].FindAdd(i);
        }
        {
            RTIMING("UnlinkKey v_num outer");
            for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
                for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
                    v[j].UnlinkKey(i);
        }
        RTIMING("Sweep v_num outer");
        const int jsize = v_num;
        for (int j = 0; j < jsize; ++j)
            v[j].Sweep();
    }
    {
        Vector<Index<int> > v;
        v.SetCount(v_num);
        {
```

```

RTIMING("FindAdd v_num inner");
for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
    for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
        v[j].FindAdd(i);
}
{
    RTIMING("UnlinkKey v_num inner");
    for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
        for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
            v[j].UnlinkKey(i);
}
RTIMING("Sweep v_num inner");
const int jsize = v_num;
for (int j = 0; j < jsize; ++j)
    v[j].Sweep();
}

{
    std::set<int> *v = new std::set<int>[v_num];
    {
        RTIMING("insert v_num outer");
        for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
            for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
                v[j].insert(i);
    }

    {
        RTIMING("erase v_num outer");
        for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
            for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
                v[j].erase(i);
    }
    delete[] v;
}

{
    std::set<int> *v = new std::set<int>[v_num];
    {
        RTIMING("insert v_num inner");
        for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
            for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)
                v[j].insert(i);
    }

    {
        RTIMING("erase v_num inner");
        for (int i = 0; i < isize; ++i)
            for (int j = 0; j < v_num; ++j)

```

```

    v[j].erase(i);
}
delete[] v;
}
}

```

results are very different:

* C:\upp\out\benchmarks\MINGWx64\Index.exe 26.06.2019 11:36:42, user: cxi

```

TIMING erase v_num inner: 480.00 ms - 480.00 ms (480.00 ms / 1 ), min: 480.00 ms, max:
480.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING insert v_num inner: 702.00 ms - 702.00 ms (702.00 ms / 1 ), min: 702.00 ms, max:
702.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING erase v_num outer: 427.00 ms - 427.00 ms (427.00 ms / 1 ), min: 427.00 ms, max:
427.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING insert v_num outer: 399.00 ms - 399.00 ms (399.00 ms / 1 ), min: 399.00 ms, max:
399.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING Sweep v_num inner: 22.00 ms - 22.00 ms (22.00 ms / 1 ), min: 22.00 ms, max: 22.00 ms,
nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING UnlinkKey v_num inner: 995.00 ms - 995.00 ms (995.00 ms / 1 ), min: 995.00 ms, max:
995.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING FindAdd v_num inner: 683.00 ms - 683.00 ms (683.00 ms / 1 ), min: 683.00 ms, max:
683.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING Sweep v_num outer: 28.00 ms - 28.00 ms (28.00 ms / 1 ), min: 28.00 ms, max: 28.00 ms,
nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING UnlinkKey v_num outer: 118.00 ms - 118.00 ms (118.00 ms / 1 ), min: 118.00 ms, max:
118.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1
TIMING FindAdd v_num outer: 242.00 ms - 242.00 ms (242.00 ms / 1 ), min: 242.00 ms, max:
242.00 ms, nesting: 0 - 1

```

which probably means that `set<int>` is more cache friendly in the original benchmark....