Subject: Re: Register a callback on "when window resized" ? Posted by xrysf03 on Sun, 08 Dec 2019 13:12:24 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

@slashupp: thanks for your response and for your care :) Just for the record, the set\_chart\_grid() method goes like this:

```
void rtlsdr skyline::set chart grid()
{
if (display_in_calib_mode)
 return: // no modification needed
if ((from_freq_rounded == 0) || (to_freq_rounded == 0))
 return; // it's too early
// grid spacing along axis X
double x_tick = chart1_optimal_major_unit_x();
// avoid unnecessary fractional digits in grid tick label,
// by shifting the grid conveniently into alignment
// with integer multiples of grid tick
double x_ofs = (from_freq_rounded/100000)
 - (ffloor(from_freq_rounded / 1000000 / x_tick) * x_tick);
Chart1.SetXYMin(from_freq_rounded / 1000000, -100);
Chart1.SetRange((to_freq_rounded - from_freq_rounded)/ 1000000, 100);
Chart1.SetMinUnits(x ofs,0);
Chart1.SetMajorUnits(x tick, 10);
Chart1.SetLabels("MHz","dBFS");
Chart1.ShowLegend(false);
}
```

...where chart1\_optimal\_major\_unit\_x() indeed polls the ScatterCtrl for its horizontal dimension in pixels, via GetPlotWidth() and calculates its output based on some "double" numbers in my own code.

It takes the frequency range, walks the exponential scale of a few decimal orders and looks for a nice spacing with a ratio of 1, 2 or 5 across the given range.

// the returned value is in MHz
double rtlsdr\_skyline::chart1\_optimal\_major\_unit\_x()
{
 double retval = 1; // default response (1 MHz)
 double decimal\_order = 0;
 int chart\_horiz\_pixels = Chart1.GetPlotWidth();

```
if (chart_horiz_pixels < DIV_NO_SMALLER_THAN_PX)
 return retval; // prevent dv_by_zero. Return the default response.
// we could also use "bandwidth" and "num_freqs" and whatnot...
// but from_freq_rounded and to_freq_rounded are perhaps
// the closest to the visual chart.
double chart_bandwidth = (to_freq_rounded - from_freq_rounded) / 1000000;
double mhz per optimal div = chart bandwidth
/ (chart horiz pixels / DIV NO SMALLER THAN PX);
for (decimal order = 0.001; decimal order <= 1000; decimal order *= 10)
{
 if (decimal_order > mhz_per_optimal_div)
 {
 retval = decimal_order;
 break:
 else if (decimal order *2 > mhz per optimal div)
 {
 retval = decimal order * 2;
 break;
 }
 else if (decimal_order * 5 > mhz_per_optimal_div)
 retval = decimal_order * 5;
 break;
 }
 // else try another decimal order
}
return retval;
}
```

So it's really along the lines of what you suggest.

Nonetheless, I think I've caught wind of some other peculiarities in the inner workings of the GUI that I should pay attention to, with respect to flow of control, reentrancy of event handlers, calling Ctrl::ProcessEvents() etc. Vs. using threads etc. I'll start another topic on the subject.

Frank