Subject: Re: 2022(?).2 beta

Posted by mirek on Mon, 19 Dec 2022 09:08:56 GMT

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Lance wrote on Mon, 19 December 2022 00:41Hello Mirek and Klugier:

The following code is an excerpt from /usr/include/c++/11/bits/stl\_vector.h

```
iterator
begin() _GLIBCXX_NOEXCEPT
{ return iterator(this-> M impl. M start); }
* Returns a read-only (constant) iterator that points to the
* first element in the %vector. Iteration is done in ordinary
* element order.
*/
const iterator
begin() const GLIBCXX NOEXCEPT
{ return const iterator(this-> M impl. M start); }
* Returns a read/write iterator that points one past the last
* element in the %vector. Iteration is done in ordinary
* element order.
*/
iterator
end() GLIBCXX NOEXCEPT
{ return iterator(this->_M_impl._M_finish); }
```

Without looking into the definition of \_GLIBCXX\_NOEXCEPT, most experienced c++ users(, all participants of this thread for sure,) can tell that it will expand to noexcept when the -std version supports it and vanishes otherwise.

It might not be pleasant or pretty, but it certainly works and can be argued as the most reasonable solution in this particular situation.

It's a common problem that libraries with some history need to support different versions; maintaining backward compatibility should not mean stay backward. U++ necessarily has done similar thing for similar purposes, I believe.

Why is it so hard to swallow in this particular case?

BR, Lance

Uhm, I guess we are presented v	vith 2 more or less	s equivalently ug	gly options here.	One of them
requires a significant amount of	vork			

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