Subject: [Resolved] char\* with "\0" between each char Posted by Xemuth on Fri, 11 Jan 2019 12:56:16 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

## Hello there !

First of all, I wish you all a happy new year ! Today I'm trying to take control of Excel via OLE I did this code :

```
char* MyExcel::TestingNameOfSheet(){
```

VARIANT AppResult={0}; VARIANT AtmSheet={0};

VariantInit(&AppResult); VariantInit(&AtmSheet); VariantClear(&IgVariant);

```
lgVariant.vt = VT_l4;
lgVariant.lVal = 2;
```

```
AutoWrap(DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET|DISPATCH_METHOD, &AppResult,xlApp.pdispVal,
L"Worksheets", 1, IgVariant);
AutoWrap(DISPATCH_PROPERTYGET, &AtmSheet, AppResult.pdispVal, L"Name", 0);
```

return AtmSheet.pcVal;
}

Somewhere else in my code I did this :

```
...

test = excel.TestingNameOfSheet();

Cout() << "------Begin------" << "\n";

if(test !=0){

do{

Cout() << (int)*test << "\n";

}while(++test);

}

Cout() << "\n------Leave------" << "\n";

...
```

this code put into test the name of sheet2 from excel. in my case ("Feuil2"). problem is, when I read it with my "do while" I only get "F" because test is equal to "F\0e\0u\0i\0l\02\0\0\0\0\0\0...".

Can someone explain me why test looks like that ? is it normal ? Or did I make something like classic OLE error ?

Thanks in advance

Subject: Re: char\* with "\0" between each char Posted by koldo on Sat, 12 Jan 2019 23:19:42 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hello Xemuth

I am not able to answer you know. However you may check Bazaar/OfficeAutomation\_demo\_console that uses Bazaar/OfficeAutomation package to handle Excel and Word files.

Subject: Re: char\* with "\0" between each char Posted by Xemuth on Mon, 14 Jan 2019 11:14:01 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hello Koldo,

Thanks for your response, I still has check Bazaar/OfficeAutomation\_demo\_console and the code looks really more complicated than mine. I think I did something wrong ^^'

Have a nice day

Subject: Re: char\* with "\0" between each char Posted by Xemuth on Wed, 16 Jan 2019 08:17:57 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hello Again,

I have resolved my problem, the char \* I tried to read was a bstr. To make it readable as normal char \* it need to be cast to ASCII char \* via this kind of func :

```
void BSTRtoASC (BSTR str,char * resultat){
  if ( str != NULL ) {
    unsigned long length = WideCharToMultiByte (CP_ACP,0, str,SysStringLen(str), NULL, 0,NULL,
  NULL );
    length = WideCharToMultiByte (CP_ACP,0, str,SysStringLen(str), resultat, length,NULL, NULL );
    resultat[length] = '\0';
```

}

}

Have a good day

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