
Subject: Server Sent Events Example

Posted by [omari](#) on Sun, 21 Apr 2024 18:03:29 GMT

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Server-Sent Events (SSE) is a technology that enables a server to push real-time updates to a web application over an HTTP connection. Unlike traditional request-response mechanisms where the client initiates communication, SSE allows the server to initiate data transmission to the client once the client establishes a connection.

main.cpp:

```
#include <Core/Core.h>

using namespace Upp;

struct MySocket {
    TcpSocket socket;
    bool initialized = false;
};

class SSEServer
{
private:
    TcpSocket server;
    Array<MySocket> clients;
    Mutex mx;

    bool end = false;
    Thread th;

    int port;

    bool accept()
    {
        if(end) return false;

        mx.Enter();
        clients.Add();
        mx.Leave();

        MySocket& client = clients.Top();
        bool ret = false;
        DUMP(clients.GetCount());
        if(client.socket.Accept(server)) {

            HttpHeaders h;
            h.Read(client.socket);

            bool authorized = true;
            // authenticate the user using h.f2 (/token)
        }
    }
};
```

```

if(authorized) {
    client.socket.Put("HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\n"           //Standard HTTP header line
                      "Content-Type: text/event-stream\r\n" //This is the only allowed MIME type for SSE
                      "Transfer-Encoding: chunked\r\n"      //Chunked encoding lets it know when an
event is done without knowing packet boundaries.
    "Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *\r\n"             //Because the HTML comes from a file, not this
server, we have to allow access
    "\r\n");

    ret = true;
    client.initialized = true;
}
else {
    client.socket.Put("HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized\r\n" //Standard HTTP header line
                      "\r\n");
    ret = false;
}
}

if(ret == false) {
    mx.Enter();
    clients.Remove(clients.GetCount() - 1);
    mx.Leave();
}

return ret;                                         //End of header indicator
}

void WriteChunk(const String& str)
{
    String out;
    out << FormatIntHex(str.GetCount()) << "\r\n" << str << "\r\n";
    mx.Enter();
    for(auto& c:clients) {
        if(!c.socket.IsEof() && !c.socket.IsError()) {
            c.socket.Put(out);
        }
    }

    for(int i = clients.GetCount(); i > 0 ; i--) {
        MySocket& c = clients[ i - 1 ];

        if(c.initialized && ( c.socket.IsEof() || c.socket.IsError())) {
            clients.Remove(i-1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        mx.Leave();
    }

public:

SSEServer(int Port = 6500): port(Port)
{
    server.Listen(port, 5);
}

~SSEServer()
{
    mx.Enter();
    for(auto&client: clients) client.socket.Close();
    mx.Leave();
    server.Close();
}

void Start() {
    Cout() << "Listn at port " << port << "\n";
    end = false;
    th.Run([&] {while(!end){accept(); Sleep(1);}});
}

void Stop() {
    end = true;
    TcpSocket soc;
    soc.Connect("localhost", port);
    soc.Connect("localhost", port);
    soc.Connect("localhost", port);
    th.Wait();
}

void WriteData(String d) { WriteData(~d); }
void WriteData(const char* data) {
    //Build up an event in server-send-event format. The message consists of
    //one or more fields of the form:
    //field: value\n
    //Followed by an empty line.
    //
    //The main tag is "data:" which carries the data payload.
    //See
https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Server-sent\_events/Using\_server-sent\_events
    //for more info (e.g. different message types and dispatch)
    String msg;

    if(Upp::Random(10)>5)
        msg << "event: " << "custom" << "\n"; // Send same msgs as 'custom' event instead of
}

```

'message' (the default).

```
msg << "data: " << data << "\r\n";
msg << "\r\n"; //Empty field ends the message.

//Send the message data using chunked encoding
WriteChunk(msg);

}

};

CONSOLE_APP_MAIN
{
SSEServer sse;
bool end = false;
Thread th;
th.Start([&] {
    while(!end){
        Time t = GetSysTime();
        String s ;
        s << t;
        sse.WriteData(s);
        Sleep(1000);
    }
});

sse.Start();
Cout() << "Press enter to terminate\n" ;
ReadStdIn();
end = true;
sse.Stop();
th.Wait();
}
```

index.html:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head> <meta charset="UTF-8"> </head>
<body>

<h1>Getting server updates</h1>
<div id="result"></div>

<script>
if(typeof(EventSource) !== "undefined") {
```

```
var source = new EventSource("http://127.0.0.1:6500/token");
source.onmessage = function(event) {
    document.getElementById("result").innerHTML += "Data: " + event.data + "<br>";
// console.log(event);
};

source.addEventListener("custom", function(event) {
    document.getElementById("result").innerHTML += "Custom: " + event.data + "<br>";
// console.log(event);
});

source.onerror = function(event) {
    document.getElementById("result").innerHTML += "Connection failed<br>";
};
} else {
    document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = "Sorry, your browser does not support
server-sent events...";
}

```

</script>

</body>

</html>

Subject: Re: Server Sent Events Example
Posted by [zsolt](#) on Mon, 22 Apr 2024 18:30:24 GMT
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I didn't know, this is so simple. Thank you.
