

---

Subject: Template problem

Posted by [bytefield](#) on Wed, 20 Feb 2008 21:54:44 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Hi. I have one example about how to create a "safe" vector inheriting it from STL vector. The code is showed below. I have errors compiling it under Ubuntu.

```
#include <vector>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

struct Entry
{
    string name;
    int number;
};

template< class T > class Vec: public vector< T >
{
public:
    Vec(): vector< T >({})
    Vec(int s): vector< T >(s){}

    T& operator[](int i) { return vector<T>::at(i); }
    const T& operator[](int i) const { return vector<T>::at(i); } // oups, forgotten to put last const
    keyword
};

Vec< Entry > tel(1000);

void print_entry(int i)
{
    cout << tel[i].name << ' ' << tel[i].number << '\n';
}

int main()
{
    try
    {
        print_entry(1000);
    }
    catch(out_of_range)
    {
        std::cerr << "Domain error\n";
        return 1;
    }
    catch(...)
```

```
{
  std::cerr << "Unknow exception\n";
  return 1;
}
return 0;
}
```

What could be the problem(s)?

Compiler version:

Using built-in specs.

Target: i486-linux-gnu

Configured with: ../src/configure -v --enable-languages=c,c++,fortran,objc,obj-c++,treelang  
--prefix=/usr --enable-shared --with-system-zlib --libexecdir=/usr/lib --without-included-gettext  
--enable-threads=posix --enable-nls --with-gxx-include-dir=/usr/include/c++/4.1.3  
--program-suffix=-4.1 --enable-\_\_cxa\_atexit --enable-clocale=gnu --enable-libstdcxx-debug  
--enable-mpfr --enable-checking=release i486-linux-gnu

Thread model: posix

gcc version 4.1.3 20070929 (prerelease) (Ubuntu 4.1.2-16ubuntu2)

Errors:

vec.cpp:22: instantiated from here

L.E: See line 19 const T& operator[](int i) const { return vector<T>::at(i); }  
My mistake, now overloading the [] operator work.

---

Subject: Re: Template problem

Posted by [bytefield](#) on Wed, 20 Feb 2008 22:13:26 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Strange...

In Windows with MVC 2005 EE it compiles well and work as expected if i comment out the second redefinition of [] operator. On linux(and Windows with mingw(g++)) still get errors about catch.

---

Subject: Re: Template problem  
Posted by [bytefield](#) on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 09:59:26 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Problem solved...  
Guess the problem is with g++ STL implementation. It is different from MS implementation. Maybe i give a try with stlport, before really closing the problem.  
I also have some questions: which compiler you use daily?  
which one appear to implement better the C++ standard?  
on which platform you develop your software?

---

Subject: Re: Template problem  
Posted by [bytefield](#) on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 10:45:40 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Problem closed. Stlport is almost alike g++ STL. I'm get tired trying to understand those headers. Never try to understand STL implementation! I mean it deep implementation. The surface always seems clear

---

Subject: Re: Template problem  
Posted by [masu](#) on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 11:00:34 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Hi,  
  
your problem rather is related to wrong function overloading.  
If you want to overload a function with another one, they must differ in their signature, i.e. they cannot have the same parameter list. The return value is not part of the signature, so you get an error.

You should decide which version to take.  
I don't know what the MSC does, but I think it silently discards one function (which in my opinion is not a good habit).

Matthias

---

Subject: Re: Template problem  
Posted by [bytefield](#) on Thu, 21 Feb 2008 16:38:48 GMT  
[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

OK. I know now about overloading function, that's way I've commented one out. But the problem still remain first catch (with out\_of\_range) and how out\_of\_range exception is raised in g++ STL implementation. In MS STL implementation (who in past was worse than g++ STL) it compile well. Seems g++ don't recognize such an exception. That's why I've asked which compiler others use. Expected type-specifier before 'out\_of\_range' means that out\_of\_range need to be of some type(and seems it's not). If it is Standard Template Library shouldn't it work in the same way on each platform or compiler which come with such implementation?  
If out\_of\_range exception is implemented in MSC STL and even Bjarne Stroustrup (which guess use a unix os ) spoken in his book(from where I've got this example) about it, shouldn't it be available on all STL impl.? (Well, guess Bjarne use his own version of compiler. )

---

---

Subject: Re: Template problem

Posted by [masu](#) on Fri, 22 Feb 2008 10:00:00 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Concerning the exception, I get the error:

```
d:\programs\upp-svn\MyApps\StdVecTst\StdVecTst.cpp: In function `int main()':
```

```
d:\programs\upp-svn\MyApps\StdVecTst\StdVecTst.cpp:38: error: `out_of_range' has not been declared
```

```
d:\programs\upp-svn\MyApps\StdVecTst\StdVecTst.cpp:38: error: invalid catch parameter
```

```
d:\programs\upp-svn\MyApps\StdVecTst\StdVecTst.cpp:38: error: `...' handler must be the last handler for its try block
```

After looking through c++ headers, I found I need to include 'stdexcept' and then it compiles fine. It is nowhere included in the other headers. I assume MSC includes it somewhere in vector headers and that's why there is no problem.

WinXP, Mingw 3.4.2

Matthias

---

---

Subject: Re: Template problem

Posted by [bytefield](#) on Fri, 22 Feb 2008 10:25:47 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Yes, you are right. It solve the problem. Thanks.

---

---

Subject: Re: Template problem

Posted by [waxblood](#) on Fri, 22 Feb 2008 13:32:20 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

I remember Mirek once said somewhere in the forum that inheriting classes from upp containers is discouraged, as it is with STL... . Maybe problems arise just because STL is not designed to do such operations, but I can't tell more.

---

David

---

---

Subject: Re: Template problem

Posted by [bytefield](#) on Fri, 22 Feb 2008 13:58:47 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

waxblood wrote on Fri, 22 February 2008 15:32: I remember Mirek once said somewhere in the forum that inheriting classes from up containers is discouraged, as it is with STL... . Maybe problems arise just because STL is not designed to do such operations, but I can't tell more.

David

Yeah i know it's not a good behavior but in that case(it was an example from Bjarne C++ programming book) `std::vector` doesn't raise any exception if you use `[]` operator over the vector limits and it could result in segmentation fault. So a solution to this problem is to inherit from `vector` and in new `[]` operator use `return vector::at(i)` which raise an exception if `i` is out of vector limits(see first example).

Sometimes is useful to inherit from containers[ex. if you want to make some gui stuff(ex. sizers) and cannot keep container as member].

---