Subject: How to create a modal dialog Posted by forlano on Fri, 07 Apr 2006 05:59:46 GMT

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Hello,

so far we have create widgets in the main window of the application. Sometimes the action requires to open a window dialog to get further input from the user. The dialog can be modal or not modal. In the first case the dialog is on the top of the screen and the main window is temporary inactive. In the second case the user can switch and perform action on the dialog and on the main window as well.

The following code is my last experiment with modal dialoga. It shows a main window with a button that open a modal dialog. This last has been create with the Designer (I can't live without it)

```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>
#define LAYOUTFILE <Vega/editmask.lay> //substitute the path of your layout file
#include <CtrlCore/lay.h>
void testAction()
  { PromptOK("Hello World!");
  }
class ButtonOpenDlg : public WithButtonOpen<TopWindow> {
public:
  typedef ButtonOpenDlg CLASSNAME;
ButtonOpenDlg();
};
ButtonOpenDlg::ButtonOpenDlg()
{
CtrlLayout(*this, "");
  //btnOpen <<= THISBACK(testAction); //this doesn't work: testAction() is a member of
ButtonOpenDlg class
btnOpen.WhenAction = callback(testAction); //testAction() must be OUT of the class
void OpenDialog()
 ButtonOpenDlg a;
 a.Run();
}
```

```
GUI_APP_MAIN
{ TopWindow w;
Button b:
w.Add(b);
b.SetLabel("button - testAction");
b.SetPos(b.PosLeft(200, 250), b.PosTop(100, 30));
b.WhenAction=callback(OpenDialog);
w.Run();
}
LAYOUT(ButtonOpen, 280, 208)
ITEM(Button, btnOpen, SetLabel(t_("Open Window")).LeftPosZ(92, 96).TopPosZ(88, 24))
END LAYOUT
I have noticed that the
btnOpen <<= THISBACK(myCallback);</pre>
works only for members of the class. While if you want have access to a function out the class you
must use
btnOpen.WhenAction = callback(OpenDialog);
Is this correct? One more question. How to create a non modal dialog?
Thank you,
Luigi
```

Subject: Re: How to create a modal dialog Posted by mirek on Fri, 07 Apr 2006 07:21:33 GMT

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forlano wrote on Fri, 07 April 2006 01:59I have noticed that the

btnOpen <<= THISBACK(myCallback);</pre>

works only for members of the class. While if you want have access to a function out the class you must use

btnOpen.WhenAction = callback(OpenDialog);

Correct. Also, you can call callback of another instance.

btnOpen.WhenAction = callback(object_ptr, &ObjectClass::Method)

Note that Ctrl::WhenAction can also be assigned using '<<=':

btn <<= callback(OpenDialog);</pre>

Quote:

How to create a non modal dialog?

Make it a member of your main window class - that way it will not be closed at the and of scope by destructor (you will have to add code for closing it as well).

Mirek

Subject: Re: How to create a modal dialog

Posted by mr_ped on Fri, 07 Apr 2006 08:25:21 GMT

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Modal dialogs are evil from UI ergonomy point.

Try to avoid them as much as possible, if you think you "need" modal dialog, you are very likely having some serious problem with your overall UI design, or you are taking a coding shortcut to omit code which would be needed to handle more "alive" windows at the same time. (The latter is understandable as resources are never unlimited, but try to avoid them...)

Subject: Re: How to create a modal dialog

Posted by mirek on Fri, 07 Apr 2006 09:24:28 GMT

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mr_ped wrote on Fri, 07 April 2006 04:25Modal dialogs are evil from UI ergonomy point. Try to avoid them as much as possible, if you think you "need" modal dialog, you are very likely having some serious problem with your overall UI design, or you are taking a coding shortcut to omit code which would be needed to handle more "alive" windows at the same time. (The latter is understandable as resources are never unlimited, but try to avoid them...)

Ahh, well, after 8 years of experiences of dealing with users of my little municipal agenda, I would not draw conclusions so fast.

Modal dialogs have their places in GUI.

(That said, it is as easy to do modal and modeless in U++)

Mirek