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Subject: Some new functions

Posted by [koldo](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 00:01:54 GMT

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Hello

Here there are a few functions that could be added to U++:

```
inline bool Odd(int val)  {return val%2;}
inline bool Even(int val) {return !Odd(val);}
inline int RoundEven(int val) {return Even(val) ? val : val+1;}
template<class T>
inline int Sign(T a)  {return (a > 0) - (a < 0);}
```

```
inline const RGBA *GetPixel(const Image &img, int x, int y) {
    return img + x + y*img.GetWidth();
}
inline RGBA *GetPixel(ImageBuffer &img, int x, int y) {
    return img + x + y*img.GetWidth();
}
```

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Subject: Re: Some new functions

Posted by [Didier](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 16:22:05 GMT

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Hi Koldo,

I think the Odd() function would be faster this way (although the compiler might already optimize it this way):

```
inline bool Odd(int val) {return (val & 0x1);}
```

Not a big optimization, rather a very tiny one. But with drops you can fill the sea

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Subject: Re: Some new functions

Posted by [mirek](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 17:07:05 GMT

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Instead of GetPixel, you can write

```
image[y][x]
```

Mirek

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [dolik.rce](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 19:55:36 GMT  
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Fun fact: I tried to come up with optimal solution for Even() and all of the following appear to have same speed as the one from Koldo (with gcc optimal+speed flag):  

```
inline bool even1(int val) {return !(val&1);}
inline bool even2(int val) {return ~val&1;}
inline bool even3(int val) {return !(val%2);}
```

Without the speed flag even2() seems to be slightly faster.

Also val%2 and val&1 for Odd() yields the same speed in both cases

However, the proposed RoundEven() function is suboptimal thanks to the branching. Even though it won't probably be used often, I would suggest faster version:  

```
inline int roundeven(int val) {return ((1+val)>>1)<<1;}
//for completeness also rounding to odd numbers:
inline int roundodd(int val) {return ((val>>1)<<1)+1;}
```

Regarding the image access: The img[y][x] is great, but still it would be nice to have a wrapper that would allow to put the arguments in (imho) more natural order. For example something like  

```
RGBA* Image::Get(int x,int y){return (*this)[y][x];}
```

Best regards,  
Honza

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [koldo](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 22:22:37 GMT  
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Good comments from all.

I like Image::Get() in addition to image[y][x].

About Odd()... you are much smarter than me .

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [koldo](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 23:05:45 GMT  
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Just some more ...

```
byte BW(Color color) {
    return byte(0.299*color.GetR() + 0.587*color.GetG() + 0.114*color.GetB());
}
```

```

Image Rotate180(const Image& orig) {
    Size sz = orig.GetSize();
    ImageBuffer dest(sz);
    for(int rw = 0; rw < sz.cy; rw++)
        for(int cl = 0; cl < sz.cx; cl++)
            dest[rw][cl] = orig[sz.cy - rw - 1][sz.cx - cl - 1];
    return dest;
}

```

```

Image GetRect(const Image& orig, const Rect &r) {
    if(r.IsEmpty())
        return Image();
    ImageBuffer ib(r.GetSize());
    for(int y = r.top; y < r.bottom; y++) {
        const RGBA *s = orig[y] + r.left;
        const RGBA *e = orig[y] + r.right;
        RGBA *t = ib[y - r.top];
        while(s < e) {
            *t = *s;
            t++;
            s++;
        }
    }
    return ib;
}

```

```

Color RandomColor() {
    int num = Random();
    return Color(num&0xFF, (num&0xFF00)>>8, (num&0xFF0000)>>16);
}

```

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**Subject: Re: Some new functions**  
 Posted by [dolik.rce](#) on Sat, 20 Nov 2010 23:40:08 GMT  
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koldo wrote on Sun, 21 November 2010 00:05: Just some more ...

...

```

Color RandomColor() {
    int num = Random();
    return Color(num&0xFF, (num&0xFF00)>>8, (num&0xFF0000)>>16);
}

```

Just some more comments

```
Color RandomColor() {Color(Random(),0);}
```

BTW: Color BW() is useful sometimes, but it might deserve bit more readable name. What about ToGrayscale() ?

Honza

EDIT: Now I see conversion to grayscale is already available in Core: `int Grayscale(const Color& c)`

```
{
  return (77 * c.GetR() + 151 * c.GetG() + 28 * c.GetB()) >> 8;
}
```

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [koldo](#) on Sun, 21 Nov 2010 07:26:47 GMT  
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Thank you Honza. Grayscale implementation is interesting, I like it.

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [mr\\_ped](#) on Mon, 22 Nov 2010 08:09:06 GMT  
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```
inline int roundeven(int val) {return ((1+val)&(~1));}
//for completeness also rounding to odd numbers:
inline int roundodd(int val) {return val|1;}
```

golfing, aren't we?

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [Novo](#) on Thu, 25 Nov 2010 15:43:06 GMT  
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dolik.rce wrote on Sat, 20 November 2010 14:55Fun fact: I tried to come up with optimal solution for Even() and all of the following appear to have same speed as the one from Koldo (with gcc optimal+speed flag):  
`inline bool even1(int val) {return !(val&1);}`  
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//for completeness also rounding to odd numbers:

```
inline int roundodd(int val) {return ((val>>1)<<1)+1;}
```

Best regards,  
Honza

Hi Honza,

I posted a link to a collection of optimized functions here  
<http://www.ultimatepp.org/forum/index.php?t=msg&th=5683&start=0&>

It looks like it might be helpful for your experiments.

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Sat, 04 Dec 2010 19:38:19 GMT  
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koldo wrote on Fri, 19 November 2010 19:01Hello

Here there are a few functions that could be added to U++:

```
[code]inline bool Odd(int val)  {return val%2;}  
inline bool Even(int val)  {return !Odd(val);}
```

Thinking about it, for me it is much easier to remember that a byte has a least significant bit than to remember what is even and what is odd...

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Subject: Re: Some new functions  
Posted by [koldo](#) on Sat, 04 Dec 2010 22:44:50 GMT  
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mirek wrote on Sat, 04 December 2010 20:38koldo wrote on Fri, 19 November 2010 19:01Hello

Here there are a few functions that could be added to U++:

```
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inline bool Even(int val)  {return !Odd(val);}
```

Thinking about it, for me it is much easier to remember that a byte has a least significant bit than to remember what is even and what is odd...

For me it is the opposite. When I have to work with bits I need to open the manual to know if it is >> or << ... . I have poor memory. However Odd and Even is just that.

Anyway, there will be always Functions4U .

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