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Subject: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Fri, 04 Mar 2011 09:29:01 GMT  
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Well, it was suggested in the past that Painter should be HW accelerated with OpenGL.

I have always seen this as impossible, as drawing models are not compatible.

Today I stumbled on this little info:

<http://my.safaribooksonline.com/book/programming/cocoa/0672322307/cocoa-additions-in-mac-os-x-version-10dot2/app04lev1sec2>

Quote:

The 2D line and font drawing features of Quartz are not accelerated by Quartz Extreme. The highquality, device-independent PDF imaging model used by Quartz is incompatible with the accelerated drawing features supported by OpenGL and common graphics hardware. Graphics cards are optimized to simply draw graphics on a single device, the computer screen, as fast as possible. Features such as What You See Is What You Get (WYSIWYG) drawing that can be output to high-resolution printers as well as the computer screen are not supported by the current generation of graphics cards.

which is exactly what I always thought...

So I guess we can put this issue to the rest. SW Painter is fast enough anyway...

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [Novo](#) on Fri, 04 Mar 2011 16:31:19 GMT  
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Quote:The 2D line and font drawing features of Quartz are not accelerated by Quartz Extreme.

People actually do that. For example: OpenGL accelerated Flash Player.

These guys draw 2D lines and fonts using OpenGL. Actually, they do all 2D UI using OpenGL.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Fri, 04 Mar 2011 16:56:31 GMT  
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Well good for them. However, it is impossible to achieve "svg/pdf" quality of rendering using OpenGL. That is all.

Also, I doubt they are really doing text rendering using OpenGL polygons.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [Novo](#) on Fri, 04 Mar 2011 18:52:51 GMT  
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Also, I doubt they are really doing text rendering using OpenGL polygons.

What is so special about "svg/pdf" quality of rendering?

And I know for sure they are using OpenGL to render text. Small size text is rendered from bitmaps.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Fri, 04 Mar 2011 21:15:44 GMT  
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Also, I doubt they are really doing text rendering using OpenGL polygons.

What is so special about "svg/pdf" quality of rendering?

E.g. you often want to achieve subpixel accuracy...

Quote:

And I know for sure they are using OpenGL to render text. Small size text is rendered from bitmaps.

Which is exactly the point...

In Painter (and I believe Quartz and other similiar systems too), even regular text is rendered as curves. That has one nice advantage that you can use the text to define path.

You can only afford that with subpixel accuracy.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL

Posted by [raxvan](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 12:38:31 GMT

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mirek wrote on Fri, 04 March 2011 17:56

Well good for them. However, it is impossible to achieve "svg/pdf" quality of rendering using OpenGL. That is all.

Not true, you can achieve pixel perfect quality with Opengl by using programmable shaders, even for the problematic font rendering.

Also you can render flash content with opengl by using the library gameswf, however i noticed that a real life application of this is hard to use.

If you want to see opengl in action for gui take a look at sublime text. The gui is using opengl entirely, except for the menu bar.

Raxvan.

Edit: For rendering text the font can be rendered as a bitmap with mipmapping and antialiasing. This can give you very good quality. However there is technique for improved alpha testing when scaling up. Valve describes this in a article.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 13:52:28 GMT  
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raxvan wrote on Sat, 05 March 2011 07:38mirek wrote on Fri, 04 March 2011 17:56  
Well good for them. However, it is impossible to achieve "svg/pdf" quality of rendering using OpenGL. That is all.

Not true, you can achieve pixel perfect quality with Opengl by using programmable shaders, even for the problematic font rendering.

Pixel perfect is not subpixel.

Quote:

Edit: For rendering text the font can be rendered as a bitmap with mipmapping and antialiasing. This can give you very good quality.

This is still "rendering text".

In pdf/svg/quartz/Painter, text only defines a path. You can then stroke the path, fill the path, clip the path or whatever.

If you start talking about "bitmap", you are nowhere near what is required.

Mirek

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [raxvan](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 14:01:22 GMT  
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You would be surprised what can be done by using programmable shaders. The ideas is to drop your conventional way of thinking and adopt new techniques that are used today. By using antialiasing you can get the "sub-pixel" quality needed, and i can guarantee that you can get the same or even better quality with opengl rendering, not to mention the extra speed.

Raxvan.

Edit: I believe the future of gui is heading trough this path. Opengl accelerated systems kill everything that is cpu bound.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL

Posted by [Mindtraveller](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 14:30:21 GMT

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SW painter has no dependencies on Unix systems. It uses rather small amount of memory and has very predictable scalability and execution speed. So it can easily be applied to web servers. Wich is very cool, as it is many times faster than calling ImageMagick.

If we talk about desktop systems like Windows or Android/Mac OS/iOS - yes, videocard help could possibly optimize GUI output in that case.

I suggest considering these approaches equally optimal for their own cases: one - for drawing some elements or servers, another - solely for desktop GUI.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL

Posted by [raxvan](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 16:45:51 GMT

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I think all recent mobile devices have "gpu" acceleration (trough opengl ES). In this case it would be stupid not to use it for gui as it is more efficient than cpu, thus making the battery last longer.

In my opinion there really is no other outcome in the future: all user interfaces will be accelerated in some way: openGl, openCl,etc; I know that porting current technology to that is really hard right now, but this should not be left aside.

Raxvan.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL

Posted by [mirek](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 17:26:25 GMT

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raxvan wrote on Sat, 05 March 2011 09:01 You would be surprised what can be done by using programmable shaders. The ideas is to drop your conventional way of thinking and adopt new techniques that are used today.

You cannot if you want pdf.

Quote:

By using antialiasing you can get the "sub-pixel" quality needed, and i can guarantee that you can get the same or even better quality with opengl rendering, not to mention the extra speed.

Antialiasing, if we are speaking about what is used in 3D games, is again nowhere near what is required/provided by quartz and similiar system.

Quote:

Edit: I believe the future of gui is heading trough this path. Opengl accelerated systems kill everything that is cpu bound.

Do not get me wrong - I do not say that OpenGL is slow. Nor that you cannot do very shiny GUI in it.

My only claim is that it is svg/pdf incompatible. And the link I have posted here seems to support it.

I would say I have quite deep knowledge of Painter/pdf/svg graphics (hell, I should found some common name for it - because I have implemented it and I also have quite a good info about OpenGL. From that perspective I can say for sure that those models are not very compatible.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Sat, 05 Mar 2011 17:29:56 GMT  
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raxvan wrote on Sat, 05 March 2011 11:45I think all recent mobile devices have "gpu" acceleration (trough opengl ES). In this case it would be stupid not to use it for gui as it is more efficient than cpu, thus making the battery last longer.

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Raxvan.

Please, the whole rant is about the idea that Painter should be accelerated by OpenGL.

It has nothing to do with using OpenGL for GUI. Actually, Draw model is in fact easily compatible with OpenGL and in the end, U++ GUI is rendered using Draw.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [raxvan](#) on Sun, 06 Mar 2011 07:44:57 GMT  
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mirek wrote on Sat, 05 March 2011 18:29  
Please, the whole rant is about the idea that Painter should be accelerated by OpenGL.

It has nothing to do with using OpenGL for GUI. Actually, Draw model is in fact easily compatible with OpenGL and in the end, U++ GUI is rendered using Draw.

Sorry, my mistake then, i thought that Painter is directly responsible to drawing gui in upp .  
I will take a closer look to Draw and see if i can pull off an opengl implementation.

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [Tom1](#) on Sun, 06 Mar 2011 21:10:02 GMT  
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Well, this is certainly one of my favourite subjects, although I certainly do not know OpenGL nearly enough to say what can and can't be done.

Anyway, my point is that when comparing Painter and Draw simply as graphics programming interfaces, Painter provides a rich set of graphics primitives not available with Draw. Therefore, getting hardware acceleration available behind the Painter interface would definitely serve a purpose.

When I last checked, Painter defined three user selectable levels of rendering quality: No antialiasing, normal antialiasing and subpixel antialiasing. Whereas I gather from Mirek's notes that subpixel accurate results would be impossible or nearly so to achieve with OpenGL, what about basic antialiasing or no antialiasing at all? Would it be possible to implement a hardware accelerated 'SystemPainter' or 'OpenGLPainter' without subpixel antialiasing? I could certainly find use for it even with degraded image quality as long as rendering is ultra fast. (BufferPainter is always there to give the ultimate quality with its subpixel quality when speed is not an issue.)

So, Raxvan, if you know OpenGL well enough to implement Painter on OpenGL, even without any antialiasing, go ahead! Maybe prototyping on GLCtrl would help get things started...

Best regards,

Tom

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [mirek](#) on Sun, 06 Mar 2011 21:57:46 GMT  
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Tom1 wrote on Sun, 06 March 2011 16:10Well, this is certainly one of my favourite subjects, although I certainly do not know OpenGL nearly enough to say what can and can't be done.

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When I last checked, Painter defined three user selectable levels of rendering quality: No antialiasing, normal antialiasing and subpixel antialiasing. Whereas I gather from Mirek's notes

that subpixel accurate

Please, there is some terminology issue about this. There are 2 different things:

- subpixel accuracy. That basically means that all coordinates are floating point and renderer does something about "fractional" numbers. In Painter, each pixel has 256 fractions. When rendering, if there is some part of polygon fractionally in the pixel, it affects it by that fractional value (and you get precise antialiasing that was).

- subpixel rendering. That, instead of taking screen pixel as 'whole', takes into account all 3 channels, which results in improved horizontal resolution.

Quote:

Would it be possible to implement a hardware accelerated 'SystemPainter' or 'OpenGLPainter' without subpixel antialiasing?

I believe not. You perhaps could imitate it to some degree, but OpenGL polygons are not compatible.

I Painter like system, "path" rules everything.

I have seen some code in Qt that tries to do this, but I have seen that they have ended in quite complicated maths breaking "pdf" polygons into something that OpenGL is able to render.

That said - if you require fast graphics which is OpenGL able to provide, why not to use OpenGL directly?

Mirek

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [Tom1](#) on Mon, 07 Mar 2011 10:16:55 GMT  
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Oops, I mixed up the terminology on the way.. Thanks for correcting me.

Doing 2D graphics directly with OpenGL is considerably more difficult for complex geometries than it is with Painter, and I'm certainly not one of the people who could implement such a mapping from scratch. So, this is why I do not use OpenGL for 2D directly.

Anyway, my chain of thoughts goes like this:

- Painter provides an excellent API and compatible software renderer (BufferPainter) capable of handling complex graphics primitives.

- OpenVG (see <http://www.khronos.org/files/openvg-quick-reference-card.pdf>) should provide

similar graphics capabilities.

- As far as I know, OpenVG is not (at least yet) available on pc hardware directly, but surprisingly there is/are OpenVG implementation(s) on top of OpenGL, such as ShivaVG.

MAYBE it is possible to map the Painter API on top of OpenVG or even directly on top of OpenGL. Is it fast? Is the quality sufficient? ... who knows before it is done.

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Writing software to use OpenVG directly would only target the screen display, but having Painter implemented on top of OpenVG or OpenGL would provide all graphics needs under the same API.

Then there is the Microsoft Direct2D, which could possibly be another option for accelerating the Painter on Windows, but certainly not on other platforms.

Best regards,

Tom

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Subject: Re: About Painter vs OpenGL  
Posted by [raxvan](#) on Mon, 07 Mar 2011 12:10:03 GMT  
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You can do vector graphics with opengl. I see no difficulty implementing paths, curved lines, and everything Painter needs (without polygons!).

If i have time, i will assemble a demo proving the concept.

Raxvan.