Subject: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nineilson on Tue, 07 May 2013 23:18:18 GMT

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I was not sure what topic to post this in.

To build/compile a GUI in Win and run in Ubuntu with wine it is much smaller than if it is built with GCC in Ubuntu.

It is the same code for the GUI and the dlg.lay size is (260,83) in both. The lower Upp GUI is from Win.

## File Attachments

1) UppGUIsize.png, downloaded 1038 times

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu

Posted by BioBytes on Wed, 08 May 2013 15:28:35 GMT

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Hello Neil,

Even the fonts seem different.

**Biobytes** 

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu

Posted by nlneilson on Wed, 08 May 2013 17:51:02 GMT

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Hi Biobytes

Yes everything seems to be proportionally bigger.

The Upp GUI in Ubuntu is way too big.

With the dlg.lay size of (260,83) it should be no bigger than that whether on Win or some Linux distro, I only have Ubuntu to try it on.

Here is the dlg.lay

LAYOUT(DlgLayout, 260, 83)

ITEM(EditField, Point1, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(44,

```
200).TopPosZ(0, 16))
ITEM(EditField, Point2, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(44,
200).TopPosZ(16, 16))
ITEM(EditField, Angle1, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(44,
96).TopPosZ(32, 16))
ITEM(EditField, Angle2, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(149,
96).TopPosZ(32, 16))
ITEM(EditField, Distance, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(44,
96).TopPosZ(48, 16))
ITEM(Label, units, SetFont(StdFontZ(12).Bold()).LeftPosZ(138, 30).TopPosZ(48, 16))
ITEM(Label, dv___6, SetLabel(t_(" Point 1")).SetFont(StdFontZ(11)).LeftPosZ(0,
44).VSizePosZ(0, 67))
ITEM(Label, dv___7, SetLabel(t_(" Point 2")).SetFont(StdFontZ(11)).LeftPosZ(0,
44).TopPosZ(16, 16))
ITEM(Label, dv___8, SetLabel(t_(" Angle 1")).SetFont(StdFontZ(11)).LeftPosZ(0,
44).TopPosZ(32, 16))
ITEM(Label, dv___9, SetLabel(t_("2")).LeftPosZ(142, 8).TopPosZ(32, 16))
ITEM(Label, dv___10, SetLabel(t_(" Distance")).SetFont(StdFontZ(11)).LeftPosZ(0,
44).TopPosZ(48, 16))
ITEM(EditField, Data1, WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(1, 255).TopPosZ(64, 16))
ITEM(Button, P1, SetLabel(t_("<")).SetFont(StdFont().Bold()).LeftPosZ(244, 16).TopPosZ(0, 16))
ITEM(Button, P2, SetLabel(t ("<")).SetFont(StdFont().Bold()).LeftPosZ(244, 16).TopPosZ(16,
16))
ITEM(EditField, count,
AlignRight(true).SetFont(StdFont().Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(208, 52).TopPosZ(48, 16))
ITEM(EditField, timezone,
AlignRight(true).SetFont(StdFont().Bold()).WantFocus(false).LeftPosZ(184, 24).TopPosZ(48, 16))
END LAYOUT
```

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by BioBytes on Wed, 08 May 2013 18:55:09 GMT

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Hi,

Did you check this topic?

http://www.ultimatepp.org/forum/index.php?t=msg&th=7576& amp;start=0&

Regards Biobytes

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu

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Thanks for the link.

This is my sentiment as stated in previous post:

Didier wrote on Mon, 22 April 2013 11:17 I expect the dialog to STAY 320\*240

Maybe it is a POSIX issue beyond the control of Upp.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Sender Ghost on Thu, 09 May 2013 05:32:05 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hello.

Didier wrote on Mon, 22 April 2013 11:17 I expect the dialog to STAY 320\*240 He can't expect this for different user settings, than default (on the same operating system, window manager, etc.), at least for screen shot images. For example, if you change the DPI settings for your screen on Windows XP to some value, bigger than 100% (usually, 96), then you will have proportionally larger window size for GUI applications. Therefore, they might look different to the user with different settings (and to you, if (s)he sent screen shots of the GUI). But internally, the application will behave like it have the same size (320x240, in this case). In conclusion, this is what he could expect: the same (internal to application) window size, which might look proportionally smaller/bigger by user settings.

In case of Neil's screen shot, we have different fonts (The Wine is Tahoma; the Gnome is Liberation Sans) and their heights, but GUI is proportional, which is default behaviour of current U++ GUI applications.

To explicitly change the default font for the GUI, you have SetStdFont(Font font) function:

```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>
using namespace Upp;

GUI_APP_MAIN
{
   RDUMP(GetStdFont());

Font fnt;
   fnt.FaceName("Tahoma").Height(15);
   SetStdFont(fnt);

PromptOK("Hello World!");
}
```

To disable layout scaling by font size, you have Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom() static method:

```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>
using namespace Upp;

GUI_APP_MAIN
{
    PromptOK("With layout zoom");
    Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom();
    PromptOK("No layout zoom");
}
```

There are other static methods of Ctrl, which you might find interesting.

Edit: Changed Draw::SetStdFont(Font font) to SetStdFont(Font font) function.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Thu, 09 May 2013 08:16:16 GMT

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Thanks Sender Ghost for the information.

edit: At first it seemed too easy but I was still on Win. I tried the Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom(); and the size is still different.

I understand the user setting of DPI can make a difference but the above image is one screen shot in Ubuntu with the app running from Thelde and the app from Win running under wine at the same time, one is just moved below the other.

I think when installing or maybe later all the M\$ fonts are installed in Ubuntu. They sure look the same except the size but the dot above the i is higher. I didn't try the Draw::SetStdFont(fnt); but maybe that will be necessary.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Thu, 09 May 2013 09:33:31 GMT

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It depends on where that is placed in the code.

/home/neil/MyApps/NefbG2/NefbG2.cpp:26:21: error: ISO C++ forbids declaration of

## fpermissive]

/home/neil/MyApps/NefbG2/NefbG2.cpp:26:21: error: cannot declare member function

```
But here the app runs:
GUI_APP_MAIN{
 Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom();
NefbG2().Run();
endX();
```

This makes the GUI smaller but it is only the top left of the original GUI that is left.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by piotr5 on Thu, 09 May 2013 09:34:06 GMT

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just because they are on the same os doesn't mean it's the same dpi-setting. in winecfg you can set up the dpi windows-programs will use, in linux you need to edit the configuration files for X and there set some dpi. wine does not automatically copy the system-wide settings, as far as I know in wine 96 is the default dpi no matter where...

and remember, in gui (especially in fonts) usually not the actual pixels are counted, instead it's the actual dpi-setting associated with those graphical elements. i.e. fixed-size fonts have the dpi-setting hardwired, gui-applications and TTF take the system-wide dpi settings...

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Didier on Thu, 09 May 2013 12:50:12 GMT

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Hi all.

Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom(); did the trick for me, the background image now displays correctly (I didn't want to stretch it since it indicated me if the dialog displayed correctly or not) AND the application displays correctly on the 320\*240 screen (which size is of coarse fixed)

Thank-you Sender-Ghost

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu

Posted by nineilson on Fri, 10 May 2013 02:48:30 GMT

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I started tinkering with fonts but decided not to go that route.

piotr5 wrote on Thu, 09 May 2013 02:34 as far as I know in wine 96 is the default dpi no matter where...

I have 5 computers near or on a desk. Each has a Win and Ubuntu OS. When the Upp app is run with wine the size is OK. For a user or even myself to change the font for each where necessary is not a viable option. Letting them know Wine needs to be installed is a better option.

Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom(); works good for the GUI size. BUT: Even though each field in the dlg.lay is specified for location and size in pixels that is ignored or over ridden by the font size or whatever.

Is there a way to lock in all the dlg.lay dimensions?

edit: Apparently in Win OS the dimensions are locked in and independent of the font size. I changed one of the EditField size from 12 to SetFont(StdFontZ(60). It still displays the characters as size 12.

I am not that familiar with the Upp GUI code so I may be wrong.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Sender Ghost on Fri, 10 May 2013 08:38:51 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

nlneilson wrote on Fri, 10 May 2013 04:48ls there a way to lock in all the dlg.lay dimensions? I didn't find this function for layouts (and there is no such option for Layout Designer), except static Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom(). But possible to use not zoomed version of placement manually, e.g.:

```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>
using namespace Upp;

GUI_APP_MAIN
{
    EditString text, zoomedText;
    text.NullText("Normal"); zoomedText.NullText("Zoomed");
    TopWindow window;
    window.SetRect(Size(320, 240));

window.Add(text.LeftPos(4, 100).TopPos(4, 20)); // Without Z suffix window.Add(zoomedText.LeftPosZ(4, 100).TopPosZ(28, 20));

window.Run();
}
```

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nineilson on Fri, 10 May 2013 11:26:57 GMT

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Now that is something that makes more sense to me. I had no idea what the Z in LeftPosZ was for.

All my apps so far have not been re size-able.

That should be something I can work with.

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Klugier on Fri, 10 May 2013 14:46:33 GMT

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Hello nineilson,

Did you try to activate NOGTK compilation flag? This flag should solve all your graphics issues on Ubuntu.

Sincerely, Klugier

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Fri, 10 May 2013 21:26:11 GMT

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Hi Klugier

How do you activate NOGTK compilation flag in Upp?

Can that be set in Build methods - Release fixed flags

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Klugier on Fri, 10 May 2013 22:10:33 GMT

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Hello nineilson,

This is the easiest way to change this flag:

1. Move mouse cursor to packeg list.

- 2. Press right button on it.
- C. Alternatively: MenuBar > Project
- 3. Find "Main package configuration..." and select it.
- C. We open configuration window.
- 4. Press left button on ArrayCtrl. (first row, "Flags" column)
- C. We should see characteristic button with arrow.
- 5. Click button with arrow.
- C. We open next configuration window.
- Check NOGTK flag.
- 7. Press "OK" button.

If my tutorial proved to be not understandable, I have enclosed demonstrative image.

P.S.

"C." means comment.

Sincerely, Klugier

### File Attachments

1) NOGTK.png, downloaded 339 times

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Sat, 11 May 2013 02:41:56 GMT

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Thanks Klugier

NOGTK works to keep the GUI the same size.

The instructions were very good but showing the pull-down where NOGTK is actually picked may help.

I will still tinker with SetStdFont(Font font) as Sender Ghost mentioned and the Z zoom. The horizontal lines between the EditFields I can tinker with.

### File Attachments

1) NOGTK-clip.png, downloaded 790 times

# Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Klugier on Sat, 18 May 2013 23:53:33 GMT

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Hello nineilson,

Did you solve the problem?

In meanwhile, I have thought how we can fix this issue. The first alternative is to make conditional layout and make perfect layout on your target os. And don't forget about NOGTK flag. X11 mode is more stable than GTK backend. On the other hand this solution is not efficient, because you need to develop all your layouts together.

I have enclosed sample code:

#ifdef PLATFORM\_X11

class MainWindow: public WithMainWindowLayoutX11 {

#else

class MainWindow: public WithMainWindowLayout {

#endif

You can alsow use following function:

ChClassicSkin ();

This function will transform your current colors and widgets to more similar to that used in "wine".

Sincerely, Klugier

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nineilson on Sun, 19 May 2013 01:08:13 GMT

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Hi Klugier

The NOGTK flag worked fairly well. If it is not as efficient the option for a better way would be good.

I have not tried Sender Ghost's manual suggestion but will. window.Add(text.LeftPos(4, 100).TopPos(4, 20)); // Without Z suffix

"X11 mode is more stable than GTK backend."

I don't understand this. If it takes longer to write the code isn't a problem but if effects it's running then it is a problem.

I am using MSC 12 for the updated C++ if that concerns the X11.

I will try ChClassicSkin ();

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Klugier on Fri, 24 May 2013 00:38:32 GMT

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Hello,

What is X11? According to the wikipedia: "X11 is a computer software system and network protocol that provides a basis for graphical user interfaces (GUIs) and rich input device capability for networked computers.". More information you can find here: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X11.

Now, Ultimate++ on unix like operating systems use two different redner method. The first is GTK Backend (Default). The second is X11. What is the difference between these two methods? Let's look at the following diagram:

Ultimate++ -> GTK+ -> X11 (GTK backend)
Ultimate++ -> X11 (NOGTK)

-> - means invoking

X11 mode is more stable, because the way to X server is shorter. Moreover, X11 mode on all posix systems looks exactly the same. It dosen't metter whether you are using GNOME or KDE.

-----

GTK backend and X11 don't depend on Windows, so it doesn't matter which of these modes is turned on.

\_\_\_\_\_

When I was writing about the efficiently I thought that you need to use conditional compilation to achieve better multiplatform code.

Sincerely, Klugier

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Tue, 28 May 2013 18:54:15 GMT

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Sender Ghost wrote on Fri, 10 May 2013 01:38

```
window.Add(text.LeftPos(4, 100).TopPos(4, 20)); // Without Z suffix }
```

That seems to work OK.

I filed a bug as each time the package is opened up it adds the 'Z's back in. http://www.ultimatepp.org/forum/index.php?t=msg&goto=400 49&#msg 40049

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Sender Ghost on Wed, 29 May 2013 09:45:38 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

nlneilson wrote on Tue, 28 May 2013 20:54l filed a bug as each time the package is opened up it adds the 'Z's back in.

I think, this is not a bug. This is how it works by default - layout zooming:

Logical positions Another issue that is related to positions is layout zooming. The problem here is that application can use font of different size or type than standard one used in layout designer when designing layout. That is why layout logical position need to be zoomed. Zoom factor is determined by ratio of text "OK Cancel Exit Retry" in runtime standard font size to Size(99, 13) - size of this text using standard font.

Zooming layout positions is done using placement methods with Z suffix (like LeftPosZ etc...). Therefore, if you want to use layouts from layout designer, you have about two methods (for your specialized case):

- 1. Ctrl::NoLayoutZoom():
- 2. SetStdFont(Font font), where font must be the same (even DPI settings (for screen shots)) on different platforms to achieve the same sizes of layout widgets.

If you want to use placement methods without Z suffix, you could use them manually (as I already said):

Toggle Spoiler

```
#include <CtrlLib/CtrlLib.h>
using namespace Upp;
class CustomDlg : public TopWindow {
public:
typedef CustomDlg CLASSNAME;
CustomDlg();
```

EditField Point1, Point2, Angle1, Angle2, Distance, Data1, count, timezone;

```
Label units, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5;
Button P1, P2;
};
CustomDlg::CustomDlg()
Title("Custom Dialog");
SetRect(Size(260, 80));
MinimizeBox();
Add(Point1.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(44, 200).TopPos(0, 16));
Point1.SetFont(StdFont(12).Bold());
Add(Point2.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(44, 200).TopPos(16, 16));
Point2.SetFont(StdFont(12).Bold());
Add(Angle1.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(44, 96).TopPos(32, 16));
Angle1.SetFont(StdFont(12).Bold());
Add(Angle2.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(149, 96).TopPos(32, 16));
Angle2.SetFont(StdFont(12).Bold());
Add(Distance.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(44, 96).TopPos(48, 16));
Distance.SetFont(StdFont(12).Bold());
Add(units.LeftPos(138, 30).TopPos(48, 16));
Add(I1.LeftPos(0, 44).VSizePos(0, 67));
I1.SetLabel(t_(" Point 1")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(I2.LeftPos(0, 44).TopPos(16, 16));
l2.SetLabel(t_(" Point 2")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(I3.LeftPos(0, 44).TopPos(32, 16));
I3.SetLabel(t (" Angle 1")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(I4.LeftPos(142, 8).TopPos(32, 16));
I4.SetLabel("2").SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(I5.LeftPos(0, 44).TopPos(48, 16));
I5.SetLabel(t_(" Distance")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(Data1.WantFocus(false).LeftPos(1, 259).TopPos(64, 16));
Add(P1.LeftPos(244, 16).TopPos(0, 16));
P1.SetLabel("<").SetFont(StdFont().Bold()):
Add(P2.LeftPos(244, 16).TopPos(16, 16));
P2.SetLabel("<").SetFont(StdFont().Bold());
Add(count.AlignRight(true).LeftPos(208, 52).TopPos(48, 16));
count.SetFont(StdFont().Bold());
Add(timezone.AlignRight(true).WantFocus(false).LeftPos(184, 24).TopPos(48, 16));
timezone.SetFont(StdFont().Bold());
GUI APP MAIN
CustomDlg dlg;
dlg.Run();
```

}

In conclusion, what you wanted is feature, which is not implemented. This feature, like "the possibility to use zoomed and not zoomed versions of placement inside the same layout", might have own consequences.

Edit:

The feature added to Redmine: "Ide (LayDes): Zoomable and not zoomable layout items".

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Fri, 31 May 2013 18:35:44 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Thanks Sender Ghost.

I copied Toggle Spoiler and will and go through that.

It was just so many wasted hours until I found the file was being changed. Now I know what it is I can deal with it.

There are many thing in Upp I am not familiar with.

Doing much of my changes away from an internet connection is also a problem.

Thanks!

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Sat, 22 Jun 2013 20:24:50 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Thanks Sender Ghost for the code as the first time you mentioned this I was lost.

This question is not concerning size but whether the text in a label can be changed. Label 11 is originally "Point 1" with:

I1.SetLabel(t\_(" Point 1")).SetFont(StdFont(11));

Could the text be changed to "Something" in an if block with: I1.SetLabel(t\_("Something")).SetFont(StdFont(11)); without changing the Label to EditField?

Sender Ghost wrote on Wed, 29 May 2013 02:45

If you want to use placement methods without Z suffix, you could use them manually (as I already

```
said):

Label units, I1, I2, I3, I4, I5;

Add(I1.LeftPos(0, 44).VSizePos(0, 67));
I1.SetLabel(t_(" Point 1")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
Add(I2.LeftPos(0, 44).TopPos(16, 16));
I2.SetLabel(t_(" Point 2")).SetFont(StdFont(11));
```

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Sender Ghost on Sun, 23 Jun 2013 09:52:01 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

nlneilson wrote on Sat, 22 June 2013 22:24This question is not concerning size but whether the text in a label can be changed. Label 11 is originally "Point 1" with: I1.SetLabel(t\_("Point 1")).SetFont(StdFont(11));

Could the text be changed to "Something" in an if block with: I1.SetLabel(t\_("Something")).SetFont(StdFont(11)); without changing the Label to EditField? You already wrote the code to do this:

```
Label I1;
I1.SetFont(StdFont(11));
// I1.SetLabel(t_(check? " Point 1": " Something"));
// or as external function, void ChangeLabel(bool check = true):
if (check)
I1.SetLabel(t_(" Point 1"));
else
I1.SetLabel(t_(" Something"));
```

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by nlneilson on Sun, 23 Jun 2013 20:34:29 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Thanks Sender Ghost

bool check = true;

Got it to work. Using the Labels as set up within the dlg.lay:

```
ITEM(Label, dv___6, SetLabel(t_(" Point 1")).SetFont(StdFontZ(11)).LeftPosZ(0, 44).VSizePosZ(0, 67))
Then in the Upp app:
    dv___6.SetLabel(t_(" Something");
```

In Win I have not had to switch to doing the GUI setup directly with: Label I1, I2, I3, I4, I5;

It's good to know the Labels text can be changed and with both designations of the Labels.

The link you had to the 'U++ framework' or API can that be downloaded or is there plans to have it so it can be downloaded for offline use?

Subject: Re: Upp GUI size in Win and Ubuntu Posted by Sender Ghost on Mon, 24 Jun 2013 00:33:40 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

nlneilson wrote on Sun, 23 June 2013 22:34The link you had to the 'U++ framework' or API can that be downloaded or is there plans to have it so it can be downloaded for offline use? Actually, possible to access the same topics from U++ TheIDE:

- 1. Assist -> Help Topics (or F1) menu bar.
- 2. Used packages -> CtrlLib -> Reference -> Static widgets (or just use "SetLabel" text for Search).

Also there is uppbox/uppweb package to generate html documentation.

Sorry for offtopic.