Subject: How can .sch express a many-to-many relationship? Posted by jfranks on Thu, 19 Jan 2017 22:48:07 GMT

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Fellow developers,

I've been tasked with implementing a schema using SQLite + Upp. Sql is not my strong suit, so I used a tool that converted an ERD --> DDL. As I discovered, UPP has it's own .sch language representation that has benefits and DDL is derived from.

However, I could not find examples of a many-to-many relationship being expressed in .sch and am somewhat over-loaded with all the tasks ahead of me.

I figured that I could just convert by hand the DDL and produce a representative .sch -- and this worked except I could not figure out the many-to-many expressions needed in .sch

The following is a minimal DDL example that I cannot figure out how to do in .sch.

Can someone give me some pointers on this?

```
Thank you.
-- Jeff Franks
----- Example DDL for a many-to-many relationship ------
-- multiple user accounts w/ the possibility of multiple roles
CREATE TABLE USER ACCOUNT (
ID
       INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
NAME
          varchar(255));
CREATE TABLE ROLE (
        INTEGER PRIMARY KEY,
 ID
 ASPECT
           integer(2),
 DESCRIPTION varchar(255));
CREATE TABLE USER ROLE (
USER ACCOUNT ID integer(10),
 ROLE ID
             integer(10),
 PRIMARY KEY(USER_ACCOUNT_ID, ROLE_ID),
 FOREIGN KEY(USER_ACCOUNT_ID) REFERENCES USER_ACCOUNT(ID),
FOREIGN KEY(ROLE_ID) REFERENCES ROLE(ID));
```

Subject: Re: How can .sch express a many-to-many relationship? Posted by mirek on Tue, 07 Mar 2017 12:03:55 GMT

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There might be errors, doing it from the head:

```
TABLE_(USER_ACCOUNT)
 ISERIAL (ID) PRIMARY_KEY
 STRING_ (NAME, 255)
END_TABLE
TABLE_(ROLE)
 ISERIAL (ID) PRIMARY KEY
 INT
      (ASPECT)
 STRING_ (DESCRIPTION, 255)
END_TABLE
TABLE_(USER_ROLE)
 INT_
       (USER_ACCOUNT_ID) REFERENCES(USER_ACCOUNT)
 INT_
       (ROLE_ID) REFERENCES(ROLE)
 DUAL_PRIMARY_KEY (USER_ACCOUNT_ID, ROLE_ID)
END TABLE
```

(I suspect it is too late for you to help, but putting it here for future reference...)